

Grade 5 – SCIENCE
Skills Based Report Card

Skills and Expectations	Standards	Students will be able to...
<p>Scientific Inquiry:</p> <p>Understands that scientific inquiry is the process of predicting, planning, conducting, observing, describing and classifying information</p>	<p>3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ask questions to guide investigation. • Make a prediction. • Work together in partners or groups to conduct experiment. • Record results or observations. • Answer questions by drawing conclusions based on data.
<p>Scientific Literacy:</p> <p>Demonstrates scientific literacy through listening, speaking, presenting, reading and writing about science</p>	<p>3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write a summary paragraph about what was learned by conducting experiment. • Present group conclusions to the class. • Summarize or reflect on extension activities with science texts or independent research. • Summarize or reflect on extension activities with science videos.
<p>Scientific Numeracy:</p> <p>Understands that measurement and mathematics provide useful tools for the description, analysis, and presentation of scientific data and ideas</p>	<p>5-ESS2-1 Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.</p> <p>3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p> <p>5-PS1-2 Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.</p> <p>5-PS1-3 Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties.</p>	<p>Landforms Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use scale to create accurate map of landform model. • Record time to measure effect of slope and flood on landform development. <p>Levers and Pulleys Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a spring scale to measure effort. • Plot results on line graph. • Make predictions using a graph. <p>Mixtures and Solutions Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use gram scale to measure solutions. • Use measurements to determine amount of substance dissolved in solution.

	<p>3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p>	<p>Variables Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a concrete, picture, and a two coordinate graph. • Use graphs to make predictions. • Average results when conducting multiple trials.
<p>Scientific Content:</p> <p>Demonstrates and applies understanding of core concepts</p>	<p>5-ESS2-1 Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.</p> <p>3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p> <p>5-PS1-3 Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties.</p> <p>5-PS1-4 Conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.</p> <p>3-5-ETS1-3 Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.</p>	<p>Landforms Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define landform, erosion and deposition. <p>Levers and Pulleys Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define simple machines, levers, pulleys, work, and friction. <p>Mixtures and Solutions Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define mixture, solution, evaporation, crystal, reaction, concentration, and dissolving. <p>Variables Unit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define variables, standard, system, and multiple trials.